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| APPLICATION NO. | | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| 10/709,953 | 10/709,953 06/09/2004 | | Min-Lung Huang | 10546-US-PA | 3952 | | |
| 31561 | 7590 | 08/03/2006 | | EXAMINER | | | |
| • | | NTELLECTUAL PR | WILLIAMS, AI | WILLIAMS, ALEXANDER O | | | |
| 7 FLOOR ROOSEV | , | 00 .D, SECTION 2 | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | | |
| TAIPEI, | 100 | , | 2826 | 2826 | | | |
| TAIWAN | | | | DATE MAILED: 08/03/2006 | 5 | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application No. | | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|---|--|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summan | | 10/709,953 HUANG ET AL. | | | | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | | Art Unit | | | | | | |
| | | Alexander O. | | 2826 | | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this comp Period for Reply | nunication appe | ears on the co | ver sheet with the c | orrespondence ac | idress | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | | | | | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) | filed on <u>09 Jur</u> | ne 2006. | | | | | | | |
| 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. | | | | | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condit | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the pr | actice under Ex | parte Quayle | e, 1935 C.D. 11, 45 | 3 O.G. 213. | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | | | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 4-7 and 13-15 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-3,8,11,12,16,19 and 20 is/are rejected. 7) ☒ Claim(s) 9, 10, 17 and 18 is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to be 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/s Applicant may not request that any of Replacement drawing sheet(s) inclu 11) The oath or declaration is objected | are: a) ☐ acceptobjection to the driving the correction | oted or b) | eld in abeyance. See the drawing(s) is obje | 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CF | • • | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revieur Statement(s) (PTO-144: Paper No(s)/Mail Date J.S. Patent and Trademark Office | | 4) [5) [6) [| Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dat Notice of Informal Pa Other: | e |)-152) | | | | |
| PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05) | Office Action | on Summary | Part | of Paper No./Mail Da | ate 20060730 | | | | |

Application/Control Number: 10/709,953

Art Unit: 2826

Serial Number: 10/709953 Attorney's Docket #: 10546-US-PA

Filing Date: 6/9/2004; claimed foreign priority to 6/9/2003

Applicant: Huang et al.

Examiner: Alexander Williams

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Applicant's Amendment filed 6/9/06 to the election of the species of figure 2 (claims 1 to 3, 8 to 12 and 16 to 20), filed 7/29/05, has been acknowledged.

This application contains claims 4 to 7 and 13 to 15 drawn to an invention non-elected without traverse. A complete response to the final rejection must include cancellation of non-elected claims or other appropriate action (see 37 CFR $_3$ 1.144 & MPEP $_3$ 821.01).

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1 to 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Seto et al. (U.S. Patent # 6,977,403 B2).

- 1. Seto et al. (figures 1 to 12) specifically figure 2 show a chip packaging structure, comprising: a chip having a first passivation layer 9,11,16 and at least a bonding pad 23, wherein the bonding pad is exposed by the first passivation layer and the first passivation layer has at least a recess (shown under 29), the whole recess has a sidewall and the bottom surface of the recess; a redistribution layer 27 formed over the first passivation layer, wherein the redistribution layer electrically connects with the bonding pad and extends from the bonding pad to the recess, and in contact with the sidewall and the bottom surface of the recess; a second passivation layer 21 formed over the first passivation layer and the redistribution layer, wherein the second passivation layer has an opening (opening where 31 sits) that exposes the redistribution layer above the recess; and at least a bump 35 disposed inside the opening and electrically connected to the redistribution layer above the recess.
- 2. The chip packaging structure of claim I, Seto et al. show wherein an obtuse angle and is formed between the sidewall of the recess and the bottom surface of the recess.
- 3. The chip packaging structure of claim 1, Seto et al. further comprising at least an under-bump-metallurgy layer (31, copper, see column 7, lines 60-65) formed in the opening of the second passivation layer and extending over an upper surface of the second passivation layer, wherein the bump is on the under-bump-metallurgy layer and electrically connected to the redistribution layer above the recess.

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Initially, it is noted that the 35 U.S.C. § 103 rejection based on a the under-bump-metallurgy layer further comprising a first metallic layer formed over the opening-exposed redistribution layer; a second metallic layer formed over the first metallic layer; and a third metallic layer formed over the second metallic layer deals with an issue (i.e., the integration of multiple pieces into one piece or conversely, using multiple pieces in replacing a single piece) that has been previously decided by the courts.

In <u>Howard v. Detroit Stove Works</u> 150 U.S. 164 (1893), the Court held, "it involves no invention to cast in one piece an article which has formerly been cast in two pieces and put together...."

In <u>In re Larson</u> 144 USPQ 347 (CCPA 1965), the term "integral" did not define over a multi-piece structure secured as a single unit. More importantly, the court went further and stated, "we are inclined to agree with the solicitor that the use of a one-piece construction instead of the [multi-piece] structure disclosed in Tuttle et al. would be merely a matter of obvious engineering choice" (bracketed material added). The court cited <u>In re Fridolph</u> for support.

In re Fridolph 135 USPQ 319 (CCPA 1962) deals with submitted affidavits relating to this issue. The underlying issue in In re Fridolph was related to the end result of making a multi-piece structure into a one-piece structure. Generally, favorable patentable weight was accorded if the one-piece structure yielded results not expected from the modification of the two-piece structure into a single piece structure.

Claims 8, 11, 12, 16, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seto et al. (U.S. Patent # 6,977,403 B2).

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8. The chip structure of claim 3, Seto et al. show wherein the under bump-metallurgy layer further comprises; a first metallic layer 31 formed over the opening-exposed redistribution layer; a second metallic layer 31 formed over the first metallic layer; and a third metallic layer (31 and/or 33) formed over the second metallic layer (Note: This first second and third layer can be the same layer since there is no claim to the three layers being different in material).

- 11. The chip structure of claim 8, Seto et al. show wherein a material constituting the third metallic layer comprises **copper (31, copper, see column 7, lines 60-65)**.
- 12. The chip structure of claim 8, Seto et al. show wherein the under-bump-metallurgy layer further comprises at least an electroplated layer 33 formed over the third metallic layer 31 and the electroplated layer is selected from the group consisting of an electroplated copper layer, an electroplated nickel layer (see column 7, line 66 to column 8, line 23), an electroplated gold layer and combination thereof.
- 16. The chip structure of claim 1, Seto et al. show wherein the redistribution layer further comprises: a first metallic layer 31 formed over the first passivation layer; a second metallic layer 31 formed over the first metallic layer, and a third metallic layer 31 formed over the second metallic layer (Note: This first second and third layer can be the same layer since there is no claim to the three layers being different in material).
- 19. The chip structure of claim 16, Seto et al. show wherein a material constituting the third metallic layer comprise: copper (31, copper, see column 7, lines 60-65).
- 20. The chip structure of claim 1, Seto et al. show wherein an obtuse angle is formed between a sidewall of the opening and a bottom surface of the opening.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the first metallic layer formed over the opening-exposed redistribution layer; a second metallic layer formed over the first metallic layer; and a third metallic layer formed over the second metallic layer as "merely a matter of obvious engineering choice" as set forth in the above case law.

Claims 9, 10, 17 and 18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response

Applicant's arguments filed 6/9/06 have been fully considered, but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejections detailed above.

The insertion of Applicant's additional claimed language, for example, "in claims 1-3" cause for further search and consideration to make this action final.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new grounds of rejection. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See M.P.E.P. → 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. → 1.136(a).

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. → 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

The listed references are cited as of interest to this application, but not applied at this time.

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| Field of Search | ≟ - Date ⊹ |
|---|------------|
| U.S. Class and subclass: | 9/15/05 |
| 257/737,734,738,700,701,758,781,782,783,773,774,772,7 | 3/4/06 |
| 79,780,761,763,764,765,766,e23.069,e23.021,e23.02,e23 .179 | 7/30/06 |
| Other Documentation: | 9/15/05 |
| foreign patents and literature in | 3/4/06 |
| 257/737,734,738,700,701,758,781,782,783,773,774,772,7 | 7/30/06 |
| 79,780,761,763,764,765,766,e23.069,e23.021,e23.02,e23 | |
| Electronic data base(s): | 9/15/05 |
| U.S. Patents EAST | 3/4/06 |
| | 7/30/06 |

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander O. Williams whose telephone number is (571) 272 1924. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30AM-7:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272 1915. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

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AOW 7/30/06